LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS FOR AVIATION

Announcing a past action

To talk about a single completed action in the past, repeated actions in the past, a sequence of actions in

the past and situations in the past we use the past simple, e.g.:

Positive: Subject + verb with -ed ending or the past form of the irregular verb (for the list of common irregular

verbs click here)

I deployed flaps a moment ago. (a single action in the past)

He flew the A380 when he worked for British Airways. (repeated actions in the past)

We landed at 10 am and arrived at the stand at 10.10 am. (a sequence of past actions)

We had enough fuel for the holding pattern. (past state)

Negative: Subject + did not (didn't) + basic form of verb (no -ed)

I didn't deploy flaps on time.

He didn't fly the A380 when he worked for British Airways.

We didn't have enough fuel for the holding pattern.

Questions: (Optional question word – What, Why, When etc.) + did + basic form of verb (no -ed)

Did you deploy flaps on time?

What aircraft did you fly when you worked for British Airways?

Did you have enough fuel for the holding pattern?

Common time expressions used with the past simple include: (two days, five minutes etc.) ago, last(week,

Monday etc.), after(departure, landing etc.), eg.:

We had a fuel leak last Tuesday.

We saw traffic one minute ago.

To talk about actions in progress at or around a particular moment in the past (incomplete at a particular

moment) we use the past continuous, eg.:

Positive: Subject + to be (I, he, she, it was, you, we they were) + the main verb with -ing ending

At 11.20 we were lining up on RWY26L. (we were in the middle of the action)

At the time of accident I was talking to a cabin crew.

Yesterday at 11.00 we were waiting for departure clearance.

Negative: Subject + to be (I, he, she, it was, you, we they were) + not (usually contracted to wasn't/weren't)

+ the main verb with -ing ending

At 11.20 we weren't lining up.

At the time of accident I wasn't talking to a cabin crew.

Yesterday at 11.00 we weren't waiting for departure clearance.

Questions: (Optional question word – What, Why, When etc.) + to be (was/were) + subject + main verb with -

ing ending

What were you doing at 11.20?

Who was he talking to at the time of accident?

Were you waiting for departure clearance at 11.00?

We often describe completed actions and actions in progress using one sentence. When this happens, action in

progress is longer than the completed action, eg.:

When we were waiting for departure clearance we lost pressure in the hydraulic system.

The verb to be does not follow the rules for other verbs. Instead it uses the following pattern: I/he/she/it was,

| bu/we were. To make questions we put the verb in front of the subject. To make it negative we put not |
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| îter e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e |
| as/were, eg.: |
| Ve were in London yesterday. |
| was in the briefing room at 7.00. |
| Vere you in the cockpit when you hit skidded off the taxiway? |
| ractice section |
| omplete the sentences with the correct past form of the verbs in brackets. In some cases more than |
| nswer is possible. If so, justify your choice. |
| At 1230, as the pilot of Cessna 152 (return) from the training area, he |
| (make) 3 attempts to contact the tower. |
| Some passengers (collapse) during the flight. |
| They (dump) fuel before landing when the communication (be) |
| st. |
| They (divert) the aircraft to the nearest airport 10min ago. |
| Why (you/abort) the take-off? |
| We (not/understand) the last transmission. |
| We (have) a bird strike while we (land). |
| What (you/do) when you (hit) the ramp. |